

Frame fixing DuoXpand

Permissible loads¹⁾²⁾³⁾ of a single anchor as part of a multiple fixing of non-structural systems.
For the design the complete current assessment ETA-21/0324 has to be considered.

Type			DuoXpand 8		DuoXpand 10			
Anchor diameter	d	[mm]						
Anchorage in concrete \geq C16/20 ⁴⁾								
Anchorage depth	$h_{nom} \geq$	[mm]	50	70	50	70	-	-
Permissible tensile load N_{perm}		[kN]	1.39	1.59	1.59	1.79	-	-
Permissible shear load V_{perm}	zinc coated screws (gvz)	[kN]	4.23	4.23	5.98	5.98	-	-
	stainless steel screw (R)	[kN]	3.93	3.93	5.98	5.98	-	-
Minimum member thickness	h_{min}	[mm]	80	100	80	100	-	-
Characteristic edge distance	$c_{cr,N}$	[mm]	50	50	50	50	-	-
Characteristic spacing	a resp. $s_{cr,N}$	[mm]	65	70	70	80	-	-
Minimum spacing	s_{min}	[mm]	50	50	50	50	-	-
with an edge distance	$c \geq$	[mm]	100	100	100	100	-	-
Minimum edge distance	c_{min}	[mm]	50	50	50	50	-	-
with a spacing	$s \geq$	[mm]	100	100	100	100	-	-
Anchorage in masonry ⁵⁾⁶⁾								
Anchorage depth	h_{nom}	[mm]	50	70	50	70	140	160
Permissible load F_{perm} in solid brick Mz, e.g. Ziegelwerk Nordhausen	$\geq NF; \geq 10 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 1.8 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.43	0.43	0.26	0.26	-	-
Permissible load F_{perm} in solid sand-lime brick KS, e.g. Wemding	$\geq NF; \geq 10 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 2.0 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.43	0.57	0.57	0.57	-	-
Permissible load ⁷⁾ F_{perm} in lightweight concrete block Vbl, e.g. KLB	$\geq 2 DF; \geq 2 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 1.4 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.11	0.17	0.09	0.17	-	-
Permissible load ⁷⁾ F_{perm} in vertically perforated brick HLz, e.g. Schlagmann	$\geq 2 DF; \geq 4 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 1.4 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.21	0.34	0.17	0.34	-	-
Permissible load F_{perm} in perforated sand-lime brick KSL, e.g. Wemding	$\geq 2 DF; \geq 10 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 0.9 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.21	0.34	0.21	0.34	-	-
Permissible load F_{perm} in perforated sand-lime brick KSL, e.g. Wemding	$\geq 3 DF; \geq 8 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 1.4 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.26	0.21	0.17	0.26	-	-
Permissible load ⁷⁾ F_{perm} in hollow lightweight concrete blocks Hbl, e.g. Knobel, DE	$\geq 3 DF; \geq 16 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 1.4 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.43	0.43	0.34	0.57	-	-
Permissible load ⁷⁾ F_{perm} in hollow lightweight concrete blocks Hbl, eg. Sepa Parpaing, FR	$\geq 16 DF; \geq 2 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 0.7 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.14	0.14	0.21	0.21	-	-
Permissible load ⁷⁾ F_{perm} in hollow lightweight concrete blocks Hbl, eg. Sepa Parpaing, FR	$\geq 16 DF; \geq 4 [N/mm^2] / \rho \geq 0.7 [kg/dm^3]$	[kN]	0.26	0.26	0.43	0.43	-	-
Minimum member thickness	h_{min}	[mm]	115	115	115	115	200	200
Minimum spacing (single anchor)	a_{min}	[mm]	250	250	250	250	250	250
Minimum spacing (anchor group)	s_{min}	[mm]	100	100	100	100	100	100
Minimum edge distance (anchor group)	c_{min}	[mm]	100	100	100	100	100	100
Anchorage in aerated concrete ⁸⁾								
Anchorage depth	$h_{nom} \geq$	[mm]	70	-	70	-	-	-
Permissible load F_{perm} in aerated concrete, acc.to EN 771-4:2011+A1:2015	AAC 2	[kN]	0.11	-	0.14	-	-	-
	AAC 4	[kN]	0.27	-	0.21	-	-	-
	AAC 6	[kN]	0.54	-	0.32	-	-	-
Permissible load F_{perm} in reinforced aerated concrete, acc. to EN 12602:2016	AAC 4; $f_{ck} \geq 4 N/mm^2$	[kN]	-	-	0.18	-	-	-
	AAC 6; $f_{ck} \geq 6 N/mm^2$	[kN]	-	-	0.32	-	-	-
Minimum member thickness	h_{min}	[mm]	100 / 175 ⁸⁾	-	100 / 175 ⁸⁾	-	-	-
Minimum spacing (single anchor)	a_{min}	[mm]	250	-	250	-	-	-
Minimum spacing (anchor group)	s_{min}	[mm]	100 / 80 ⁸⁾	-	100 / 80 ⁸⁾	-	-	-
Minimum edge distance (anchor group)	c_{min}	[mm]	100	-	100	-	-	-

¹⁾ Valid for zinc coated screws (gvz) and for screws made of stainless steel (R). For exterior use of the zinc coated screws measures against incoming humidity according to assessment have to be taken.

²⁾ The required partial safety factors for material resistance as well as a partial safety factor for load actions $\gamma_L = 1.4$ are considered.
As a single anchor counts e.g. an anchor with a minimum spacing a according to the ETA.

³⁾ Valid for temperatures in the substrate up to +50 °C (resp. short term up to +80 °C). For long term temperatures up to +30 °C higher permissible loads may be possible.

⁴⁾ For concrete specifications in C12/15, see ETA.

⁵⁾ Stone property data in min. compressive strength [N/mm²] and bulk density [kg/dm³]. Corresponding mean compressive strengths according to EN 771 and other brick variants or brick geometries are listed in the ETA.

⁶⁾ Load data are valid for tensile load, shear load and oblique load under any angle. For bending moments and invisible or not mortar-filled joints the design specifications of the ETA must be observed.

⁷⁾ Rotary drilling method.

⁸⁾ Only valid for groups of anchors in AAC with compression strength $\geq 6 N/mm^2$.